Summer Assignment for DE Differential Equations

- 1) You may use reference materials to complete this assignment.
- 2) The assignment covers material you must know to be successful in DE Differential Equations.
- 3) Please take the assignment seriously.
- 4) The assignment is due the 1st Friday of the Academic Year 2024/2025.
- 5) The Assignment will be used graded as a quiz. It will be graded for accuracy.
- 6) Please email at <u>isaac.zawolo@apsva.us</u> should you have any questions.
- Please use a spiral notebook for this assignment. Loose-leaves papers will not be accepted.

Week 1: Properties of Logarithms

Expand each of the following. Expanded form should only include linear factors.

1)
$$\log_2 \sqrt{\frac{5x^4y^3}{x-3}}$$

2)
$$\log_2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{3(x+2)}{x-1}}$$

3)
$$\log_4 \frac{(x+5)^2(x-6)}{\sqrt{x+2}}$$

4)
$$\log_6\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{(y+z)^3}}\right)$$

$$5) \ ln\left(x\sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}}\right)$$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm with a coefficient of 1.

6)
$$\log(3x-1) + \log(x+4) - 2\log(3x^2 - 5x + 1)$$

7)
$$ln\sqrt[3]{(x+4)(5-2x)^4x^2}$$

8)
$$\frac{2}{3}\log_4(x^2-1)-3\log_4(x-2)$$

9)
$$\log_5 x + \frac{\log_5 x}{3} + \frac{\log_5 y}{3}$$

10)
$$lnx - 3[ln(x+4) + ln(x-4)]$$

Week 2: Finding Derivative - Basic

Find the derivative:

1)
$$y = \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x}{x^3}$$

2)
$$y = (4x^5)(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

3)
$$g(x) = 5x^4 - 3x^3 - 8$$

4)
$$y = sin(2x)$$

5)
$$y = e^{3x}$$

6)
$$y = cos(x^2 - 5x)$$

7)
$$y = ln(x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1)$$

8)
$$f(x) = cosh(2 - 5x)$$

9)
$$g(x) = 4x - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$10)f(y) = [ln(6y^2 + 7)]^2)$$

Week 3: Finding Derivative - Product, Quotient and Chain Rules Find the derivative:

1)
$$f(x) = \frac{\frac{2}{x^4} + 5x^3 - 9\sqrt[3]{x^8}}{4\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

2)
$$g(t) = sec^3(t^2 - 5)$$

3)
$$y = 4x^{-5}csc(x)$$

4)
$$y = \frac{cot(x)}{3x^3-7}$$

$$5) \ y = 4x^3e^{5x-4}$$

6)
$$y = \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{x^3 - 4x^2 + 1}}$$

7)
$$f(u) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{u^3-3}{u^3+8}}$$

$$8) \ f(x) = \sin(\cos(x))$$

9)
$$y = 5^{\sin x^3}$$

$$10)y = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}(x^2 + 1)^3$$

Week 4: Implicit Differentiation

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

$$1) \ 2x^3 + 3y^3 = 9$$

2)
$$x^3y^3 - x = y$$

$$3) x = cos(xy)$$

4)
$$y = sin(3x + 5y)$$

5)
$$x^2 sin(x) + y^2 cos(y) = 1$$

6)
$$(3x + 2y)^3 = ye^{2x} + 7$$

7)
$$y = (3x)^{5x}$$

8)
$$x \ln y = 2x^3 - 2y$$

Find
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$$

9)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 49$$

$$10)x^2 + 4y^2 = 1$$

Week 5: Anti Derivative

Find the general antiderivative and check your solutions by differentiation.

1)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{e} + \pi - \ln 19$$

2)
$$y = e^{-3x}$$

3)
$$g(x) = \sin(5 - 3x)$$

4)
$$f(x) = e^x - 4x^2 + \cos x$$

5)
$$h(x) = x^{\frac{5}{3}} + (2x)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

6)
$$y = 6secx(secx - 3tanx)$$

Solve the initial value problems.

7)
$$y' = x^2 - 1, y(3) = 7$$

8)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x - 2\sin x, y(0) = 5$$

9)
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3}{x^2}$$
, $y(1) = 2$

10)
$$f'(x) = cos(x) + sec^2(x), f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

Week 6: Integration

Integrate the indefinite integrals

- 1) $\int (\sin x + \cos x)^2 dx$
- $2) \int \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} dx$
- $3) \int \sqrt{6-x^2dx}$
- $4) \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 4x}}{x 2} dx$
- 5) $\int \sin^3 x \cos^5 x dx$
- 6) $\int \frac{x-3}{x^2-4} dx$
- $7) \int \frac{\sqrt{25x^2-1}}{x} dx$
- $8) \int e^{5x} \cos(4x) \, dx$
- 9) $\int secx tan^3 x dx$
- $10) \int \frac{e^{2x}}{1+e^x} dx$